

Terebra (Strioterebrum) cambiarsoi nugatoria, new subspecies

(Plate 4, Figures 2, 3)

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Shell small, moderately slender. Nucleus consisting of two stout whorls. Outer lip rather strongly inflected forward below the sutural band. Anterior canal relatively long, bearing a wide, deep notch. Siphonal fasciole limited by a prominent thread. Columella bearing two strong folds, the posterior one a little wider than the basal one. Sculpture consisting of a sutural band, sculptured with vertical axial ribs. On remainder of spire whorls are heavy slightly curved axial ribs between which lie three broad spiral cords, separated by very narrow grooves.

Length 15.5 mm.; diameter 4.2 mm. (holotype, apex broken).

This is the only Bowden *Terebra* that has two strong columellar folds and would fall in the genus *Myurella*, as used by Bartsch. The Bowden specimens, of which eight are in the Duerden collection, are very similar to *T. c. cambiarsoi* Maury (Bull. Am. Paleontology, vol. 5, pp. 191-192, pl. 29, fig. 20, 1917), which is found in the Cercado formation, but the nucleus is much stouter and consists of fewer whorls. This may not be a valid basis for recognizing a subspecies, but the difference seems too pronounced to ignore. *T. cambiarsoi* remotely resembles the living *T. dislocata* Say, which reaches a much larger size and has finer sculpture.

Type material.—Holotype (U. S. Nat. Mus. No. 369348).

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FIGS. 2, 3. *Terebra (Strioterebrum) cambiarsoi nugatoria*, n. subsp. (2) Holotype, $\times 2$; U. S. Nat. Mus. No. 369348; (3) smaller specimen showing nuclear whorls and the two strong columellar folds, $\times 3$; U. S. Nat. Mus. No. 369349; page 142.



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WOODRING 1918