

*Terebra (Myurellina) insulae*, n. sp.

p. 212

Pl. 18, figs. 1, 2

1935. *Terebra (Myurella) sulcifera* G. B. Sowerby I or *bipartita* G. B. Sowerby I, Trechmann, Geol. Mag., vol. 72, No. 858, p. 544, pl. 21, figs. 18, 19.

Of medium size, slender; protoconch and early whorls not preserved; whorls straight to slightly convex in profile, taper regular; sculpture bipartite. Subsutural band a little wider than a third of the height of the whorl in early stages and less on late whorls. Axial sculpture consists of numerous, somewhat curved ridges. On early whorls, however, the axials are almost straight. Spiral sculpture absent. Sculpture becomes coarser with increasing age but does not smooth out on late whorls. Columella with two more or less accentuated plaits.

*Holotype*. — NMB No. H 15476.

*Dimensions of holotype*. — Height 45.0 mm; diameter 9.8 mm.

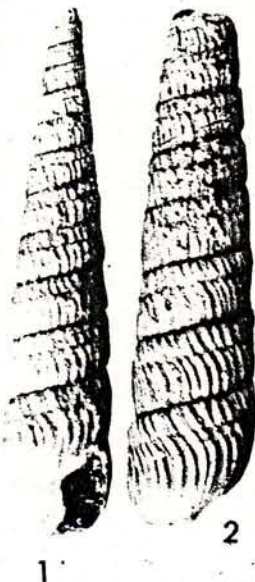
*Type locality*. — NMB locality 10710: Grand Bay cliff. Grand Bay Formation.

This species is represented by 30 mostly fragmentary specimens from the type locality. The holotype is a slender, not quite mature shell with 12 whorls. The other specimens do not have more than seven whorls preserved.

*T. insulae* is a relatively small species for the subgenus. All the species of *Myurellina* described by Olsson (1967, pp. 16-18) are considerably larger, and most of them have a larger apical angle. *T. insulae* seems to be most closely related to *T. odopoia* Gardner (1926-1950, p. 280, pl. 38, fig. 2, 1937) from the Chipola and Shoal River Formations of Florida. Both species have comparable dimensions and slenderness, but *T. odopoia* has less axials per whorl.

*Occurrence*. — Grand Bay Formation: NMB localities 10710, 10812 (?).

JUNE 1971 BULL. AM. PALEONT. 46(264): 212



1, 2. *Terebra (Myurellina) insulae*, n. sp. ....

1. Holotype. Height 45.0 mm, diameter 9.8 mm. Locality 10710. No. H 15476. 2. Paratype. Height 43.2 mm, diameter 11.3 mm. Locality 10710. No. H 15477.