

136. *Terebra walkeri* E. A. Smith, 1899

(Pl. 34, figs. 136a-c)

1899 *Terebra walkeri* E. A. Smith, Proc. Mal. Soc. Lond. 3(6):312, fig. 1.

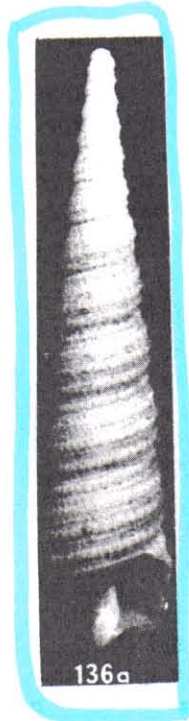
**Description:** Shell to 26 mm; color white; outline of whorls convex; protoconch of 2 whorls, the first one flattened, the second one with about 10 sturdy ribs jutting out beyond the following whorl; entire teleoconch with fine cancellate sculpture; subsutural area indented, followed by 3 enlarged sharp cords of small nodes formed by 36 axial cords crossing over about 12 smaller spiral cords; body whorl with 4 keels, the anterior one at the periphery; aperture quadrate; columella curved.

**Type locality:** "Holothuria Banks, N. W. Australia; 10-30 fms."

**Distribution:** Endemic to N. W. Australia.

**Type:** Holotype BM(NH) no. 1891.11.21.326; 26.2 × 6.0 mm.

**Discussion:** The unusual protoconch and sculpture make the placement of this species in the Terebridae questionable. It may be in the Cerithiacea. It was named for its Australian collector, J. J. Walker. B-136-1122



136a-c, *T. walkeri* E. A. Smith.  
136a, Holotype British Museum (N.H.) No. 1891.11.21.326.; 26.2 mm. 136b, Lower whorls. 136c, Upper whorls of holotype.

WALKERI (2)

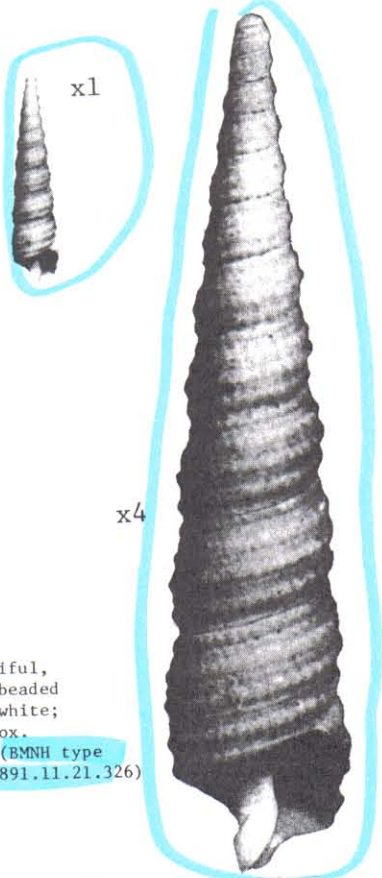
E.A SMITH 1889

(V)

(136)

215. *walkeri*, *Terebra* - E. A. SMITH, 1899, P. M. S. L., 3: 312, fig. 1. Hab. Holothuria Banks, North-West Australia; J. J. Walker. Size: 26x6 mm. Holotype no. 91.11.21.326: 26.2 mm (juvenile specimen) **LC9**

TEREBRA (?) WALKERI, Smith.—Proc. Malac. Soc., III., 1899, p. 312, text fig 1. Holothuria Banks. **HEDECY 1916 H5**



A beautiful, finely beaded shell; white; to approx. 5 mm. (BMNH type Coll. 1891.11.21.326)

*Terebra walkeri* E.A.Smith  
NORTH WEST AUSTRALIA **S.W.**

4. TEREBRA WALKERI, n.sp. Fig. I. **p 312**

Testa subulata, alba, liris spiralibus granulosis inæqualibus, quarum 3-4 cæteris majores, lirisque longitudinalibus gracillimis obliquis cancellata; anfractus 12, primus magnus, obtusus, lævis, secundus longitudinaliter fortiter costatus, in medio obtuse angulatus, haud spiraliter liratus, cæteri convexiusculi, sutura obliqua sejuncti, ultimus infra medium angulatus, infra concavus, liris 3-4 tenuibus incrementique lineis fortibus granose cancellatus; apertura irregulariter quadrata; canalis anterior obliquus, subrecurvus. Long. 26, diam. 6 mm.

*Hab.*—Holothuria Bank, North-west Australia, 10-30 fathoms (J. J. Walker).

Readily distinguishable by the unusual style of sculpture and the character of the apex. Upon the penultimate whorl there are seven spiral granose liræ, four of which are more prominent than the rest. The body-whorl has one more, forming the angle at the periphery. Beneath this the surface is somewhat concave, and finely cancellated with three or four concentric liræ and strong lines of growth.

**SMITH 1899 - p 312**



FIG. I. *Terebra Walkeri*, n.sp. x 2.