



58. *Terebra tricincta* E. A. Smith,
1877

(Pl. 17, figs. 58a-b)

1877 *Terebra tricincta* E. A. Smith, Ann & Mag. Nat. Hist. ser. 4, 15:225; 1913 Schepman, Siboga Exped. 49 I (5): 376, pl. 25, fig. 11.

1961 *Granuliterebra tokunagai* Oyama & Takemura, Moll. Shells Resources Exploitation Inst. 5: *Granuliterebra* fig. 3.

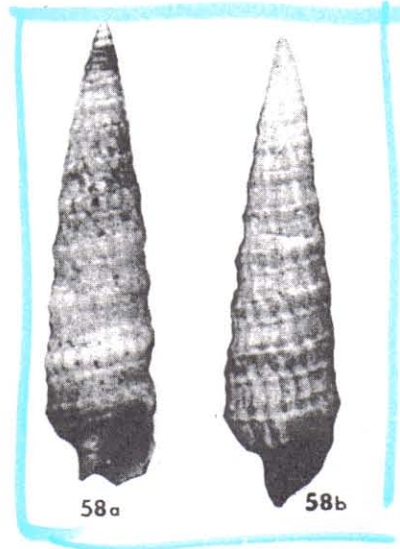
Description: Shell to 11 mm; color dirty white; outline of whorls concave; subsutural band of large nodes; axial cords very thin, almost obsolete, widely spaced; two thin spiral cords, one immediately anterior to the subsutural band, the other immediately posterior to the suture; bands noded where the axial cords intersect; body whorl with a noded band at the periphery, followed by a second row of nodes; aperture quadrate, columella curved.

Type locality: "Persian Gulf."

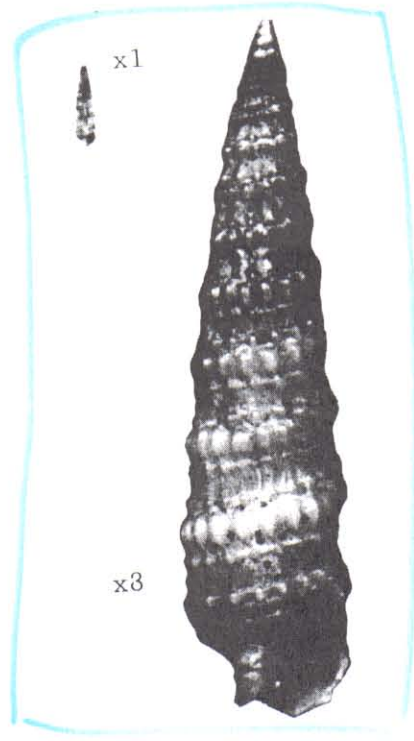
Distribution: Persian Gulf to Japan and northern Australia.

Type: Lectotype BM(NH) no. 1873.7.5.6; 10.9 × 2.8 mm.

Discussion: This species is very similar to *T. bathyrhappe* (57) and further research could prove them to be conspecific. *T. bathyrhappe* lacks the band anterior to the subsutural band, and the other two bands are connected by well-developed ribs rather than by thin cords. ~~58a?~~



58a,b, *T. tricincta* E. A. Smith. 58a, Lectotype British Museum (N.H.) No. 1873.7.5.6.; 10.9 mm. 58b, Paralectotype, same data; 10.8 mm.



Pale reddish brown; shiny; with three beaded spirals, the largest subsutural; to approx. 11 mm. (BMNH type coll.)

Terebra tricincta, sp. nov.
Testa parva, subulata, nitida, cornea; anfract. 14, primi 4 politi, convexi, caeteri medio concavi, cingulis 3 nodulosis (supremo maximo cingulum infrasuturale constituyente, medio minimo supremo fere contiguo, infimo prope suturam) cincti; noduli costis longitudinalibus numerosis gracillimis (in anfr. ultimo 17-20 basi continuis) connexi; anfr. ultimus quadratus ad peripheriam liris 3 nodulosis et basim versus altera simplici cinctus; columella inferne oblique contorta, callo tenui livido labro juncta; canalis brevis, latus.
Long. 11 mill., diam. 2 3/4.
Hab. Persian Gulf (Colonel Pelly).
The uppermost of the three nodulous belts which encircle the whorls is considerably the largest; the intermediate one is merely a fine spiral liration, nodose at those points where it is crossed by the thin longitudinal ribs. E.A. SMITH 1877 p. 225

201. tricincta, Terebra - E. A. SMITH, 1877, A. M. N. H., 19: 225. Hab. Persian Gulf (Colonel Pelly). Coll. R. MacAndrew. Size: 11 x 2 3/4 mm. Holotype no. 73.7.5.6: 10.9 mm; syntype: 10.8 mm. C69

Terebra tricincta E.A. Smith
PERSIAN GULF S.V.

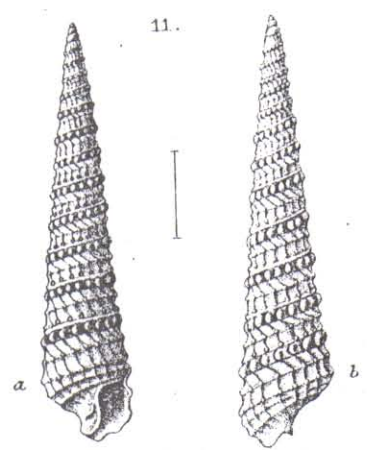
TEREBRA TRICINCTA SM.

I. Karachi. Only one dredged. 73.7.5.6

28.—Terebra tricincta Smith.

T. tricincta E. A. Smith, Ann. and Mag. N.H., 1877, xix., p. 225.
Hab.: P.G.. Henjam Island, rare. Bushire. I., Karachi, once dredged. Ratnagiri.
A species of about 15 mm. length, very nearly akin to T. persica of the same author. 73.7.5.6

Tricincta (Terebra), E. A. Smith. Ann. Mag. N. H., 1877, p. 225, xix, 39
TRAYON 1875



32. Terebra (Strioterebrum) tricincta Smith. Pl. XXV, fig. 11.

SMITH. Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., Ser. 4, Vol. XIX, 1877, p. 225.

Stat. 71. Makassar and surroundings. 27-36 M. Mud, sand with mud, coral. 3 Spec.

The largest specimen is larger than SMITH's type, being nearly 14 Mill. though not complete. Another specimen of the typical length, 11 Mill., has served for figuring.

SCHERP 1913 p. 376

Terebra tricincta EDG. SMITH.

Ein Paar Schalen dieser neuerdings von SCHEPMAN (Siboga-Exp., v. 49^v p. 376 t. 25 f. 11) von Makassar erwahnten und abgebildeten Art. THIELE 1920 p. 342