

32. *Terebra straminea* GRAY. Samarai, Papua. Pacific range. Scarce. A brown shell, with a row of longitudinally-elongate beads; axial ribs and spiral ridges. Average length 50 mm.



(H) p 46

Terebra straminea Gray

Off O'Neil Peak (Zululand), 55 fathoms (S. Afr. Mus. P.F. Coll.). Two somewhat worn specimens.

BALENAID 58 - S. Afr p 73

6. *Terebra straminea* GRAY. Tropical north Aust. Uncommon in choice live condition. Variable in colour, and sculpturing most attractive.



(HA) p 57

TEREBRA STRAMINEA. *Ter. testâ turrîtâ, subulatâ, subrugosâ, spirâliter confertim sulcatâ; anfractibus subplanis, cingulo postico subelevato obliquè transversim sulcato alteroq[ue] nodulorum magis rotundatorum; aperturâ parvâ, labio interiore postice subcalloso; flavescente.*
 Axis 2½ unc.

G 34 p 6



T. STRAMINEA (Gray, 1834) 25 mm. Indo-Pacific. In aqua brisa

АВВН 2114

96. TEREBRA STRAMINEA, Gray. A beautiful species, nearly allied to *T. monilis*, Quoy & Gaim., on the one hand, and *T. Babylonia*, Lam., on the other. The revolving striæ and sulcations are beautifully chased. When originally described in 1834, its habitat was considered to be China, but extending to the Philippine Islands; it now, however, proves to have a much wider geographical range. Both the varieties *T. acuta*, Desh., and *T. circinata*, Desh., occur in the Andamans.

ГЕЛВ 854K 1838 p 42 - AN OCEAN

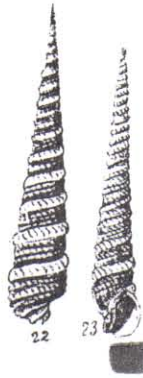
56. *T. STRAMINEA*. (pl. xlii. f. 22, 23.) Gray, l. c. p. 62.

Testâ longissimè subulatâ, turrîtâ, flavescente vel aurantiacâ; anfractibus numerosis, lineâ valdè impressâ divisâ, transversim sulcatis; areâ superiore plico-tuberculatâ, undique rugulosâ; aperturâ parvâ; elongatè ovali; columellâ arcuatâ productâ; canali breviusculo, subreflexo.

Shell gracefully lengthened, subulate, turreted, of a clear yellow, verging to orange; whorls numerous, boldly girdled, transversely sulcate; the upper area plico-tuberculate, and everywhere roughened by the lines of growth crossing the sulci. Aperture small, oval. Columella arched and produced forward. Canal short, reflexed.

Haynan, China; Tranquebar: Schroeter.

H. 18446.T.E. p 169 t xlii f 22, 23.



22 23

58. TEREBRA STRAMINEA, Gray, l. c. p. 62.

Hab. Haynan, China; Tranquebar: Schröter. H 4446 p 163

196. TEREBRA STRAMINEA, Gray.

Terebra straminea, Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. 1834, p. 62.
Terebra babylonia, var., Kiener, Icon. des Coq. Viv. pl. 14. f. 35 a.
Hab. Tranquebar; mer de la Chine. D 25 A 1853 p 311

184. *straminea*, *Terebra* - GRAY, 1834, P. Z. S. L., p. 62.

Hab. ? Coll. J. E. Gray. Size: 2½" (= 63.5 mm).
 Holotype: 63.0 mm (marked x inside aperture).
 There are another 2 larger specimens in the type collection ex coll. Cuming from the Philippine Islands, which are not type material. = worn and faded *T. anilis* (RÖDING, 1798). C 69

PLATE 2, TOP RIGHT

Terebra straminea Gray 1834

Length: 45 mm.

Distribution: Hawaiian Islands and tropical pacific

Habitat: Shallow and deep water (uncommon)

WBAV. 1960 Vbl I 42

ISAPANBA: AK 79



Terebra straminea GRAY.

Mehrere junge Schalen, deren größte 26 mm hoch ist. THIELE 1925 p 348

Middle Row, Right and Left

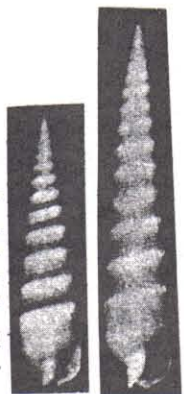
THE STRAW COLORED AUGER SHELL

Terebra straminea Gray

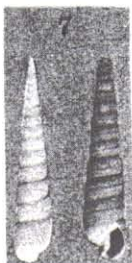
This slender, turreted species is encircled by two beady bands anterior to the suture of which the posterior band is by far the larger. The remainder of each whorl is crossed by fine revolving lines and by longitudinal growth lines. It is straw colored or orange with white sutural bands. It will reach a length of two and one-half inches.

This species is distributed from the Hawaiian Islands southward and westward across the tropical Pacific to the Philippines and the coast of Asia.

TINKER 1919



HIRASE & TAKI p 17

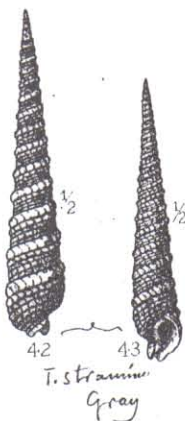


7. *Terebra straminea* Gray. コニクダケ
 H. 54. Dj. 11. Dn. 10.

HIRASE & TAKI p 17
 Loc. Kagoshima.

T. straminea GRAY. Tamatave, 2 coquilles, max. haut. 28,5 mm, tours 19, couleur brune foncée. L'espèce n'est pas citée par v. MARTENS (1880).
 OBITNER 1974 N2K für Zool p 39

Straminea (Terebra), Gray. Proc. Zool. Soc., 1834, p. 62, . 28



42, 43. Terebra straminea, Gray. Sowb., Thes. Conch. f. 22, 23,

T. STRAMINEA, Gray. Pl. 8, figs. 42-45, 47, 48.

Yellowish brown or livid ash-color, the upper sutural band generally lighter-colored; surface crossed by revolving grooves and striae, the latter sometimes granulated by the intersection of growth-lines, the former rather distant; with two sutural bands, the upper one swollen, the inferior one much smaller, and both covered by oblique plications. Length, 2.5 inches.

BAYLONIA Philippines, China.

Will probably prove to be a variety of the preceding species. It is *T. Babylonia*, var., of Kiener, *T. circinata*, Desh. (fig. 44), *T. acuta*, Desh. (fig 45), and *T. monilis*, Quoy (figs. 47, 48).

TRAYON 1834

12. TEREBRA STRAMINEA.

straminea, Gray. Sowerby Thes. Conch., Vol. 1, p. 22, 23.

29. *Terebra (Strioterebrum) straminea* Gray.

GRAY. Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. 1834, p. 62.
SOWERBY. Thes. Conchyl. Vol. I, p. 169, Pl. 42, fig. 22, 23.
REEVE. Conch. Ic. Vol. XII, Terebra, fig. 47b.
TRYON. Man. of Conch. Vol. VII, p. 28, Pl. 8, fig. 42, 43.

Stat. 58. Seba, Savu. Up to 27 M. Sand. 1 Spec.
Stat. 204. Between islands of Wowoni and Buton, Northern entrance of Buton-strait. 75-94 M. Sand with dead shells. 1 Spec.

Both specimens are bleached, but perfectly agree in sculpture with typical ones.

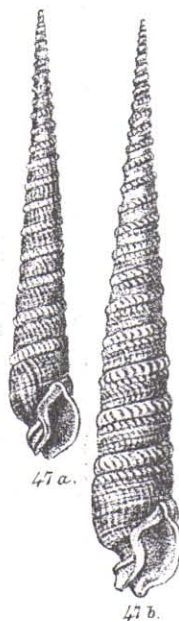
7. *Terebra straminea*, Gray.

- Terebra straminea*, Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1834, p. 62.
- " " Hinds in Sowerby's Thes. Conch., vol. i, pt. 5, p. 169, sp. 56, pl. xlii. figs. 22, 23.
- " *babylonia*, var., Kiener, Iconog., p. 39, pl. xiv. fig. 35a.
- " *straminea*, Deshayes, Review of Terebra, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond., 1859, p. 311, No. 196, and also p. 315, Nos. 218, 219, as *Terebra circinata* and *Terebra acuta*.
- " " Reeve, Conch. Icon., vol. xii. pl. xii. fig. 47.
- " " Brazier, "Chevert" Exped. Shells, Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, 1877, vol. i. p. 254, No. 28.
- " " Tryon, Manual, vol. vii. p. 28, pl. viii. figs. 42-45, 47, 48.

July 29, 1874. Levuka, Fiji. 12 fathoms.

Habitat.—China (Deshayes), also Philippines, 25 to 30 fathoms (Reeve); also China and Tranquebar (Sowerby); North-east Australia, 0 to 20 fathoms (Brazier).

WATSON 1886 p 279



Species 47. (Fig. a, b, Mus. Cuming.)

TEREBRA STRAMINEA. *Ter. testá acuminato-turritá, gracili, fulvescente aut livido-cinerea, anfractibus spiralliter tenuiliratis, interstitiis subexcavatis, sulco superno divisio, supra et partim infra sulcum dense oblique crenatis; aperturá subangustá, columellá reflexá, a basin subcontorto-recurvá.*

THE STRAW-COLOURED TEREBRA. Shell acuminate-turreted, slender, fulvous or livid-ash, whorls spirally finely ridged, interstices rather excavated, divided round the upper part by a groove, densely oblique-crenated above the groove and partially below it, aperture rather narrow, columella reflected, somewhat twistedly recurved at the base.

GRAY, Proc. Zool. Soc. 1834, p. 62.

Terebra circinata, Deshayes.

Terebra acuta, Deshayes.

Hab. Philippine Islands (dredged from a depth of from twenty-five to thirty fathoms), Cuming; and China.

This species varies from the fulvous straw-colour of the original type to a deep livid-ash, and the specimens of the latter colour are smaller. M. Deshayes' *T. circinata* is the livid variety, represented at Fig. 47 a, and his *T. circinata* is a variety in which the encircling collar of oblique crenations is partially obsolete. The shell is sometimes faintly brown-banded, and the crenations have frequently a milky appearance.

RV 1860 (43)



7. *Terebra (Strioterebrum?) straminea* Gray

Height 54 mm.; diam. maj. 11 mm., min. 10 mm.

HIRASE 34

SEAPM 1913 p 275



878
Terebra straminea Gray
 Zululand, to 100 metres depth
 72 x 10.9 mm
 Colour: Pink-buff **KENSLEY 73 p. 111**



39c, Probable holotype of *T. straminea* Gray,
 British Museum (N.H.) No. 1979158; 63.0 mm. **BRAT 87**



Fig. 14. *Dimidacus straminea* (GRAY)
 コニクダケガイ

Dimidacus straminea (GRAY)
 Pl. 60, fig. 14.

1834 *Dimidacus straminea* GRAY, Proc. Zool. Soc. London, 19 (1834), p. 62.
 1964 *Dimidacus stramineus*, HABE, Shells West. Pacific Col., 2, p. 127, pl. 40, fig. 10.

Height 63.1 mm and breadth 10.5 mm

Type locality: Not mentioned by the author

Locality: Sagami Bay

Distribution: Honshu (Fukui Pref. and Sagami Bay as north limits), Shikoku, Kyushu, Southwestern Islands, Indo-Pacific Region. Sand bottom of 5-30 m deep.

KURODA HABE & OYAMA p. 243



10. *Dimidacus stramineus* (GRAY)

This yellowish brown aguar shell is medium in size, and has about 18 whorls. Each whorl has 3 punctured spiral grooves crossed by the growth lines. The strong spiral cords below the suture is crenulated by the grooves. Rather common on sandy bottom of 10-30m in Sagami Bay, Honshu and southwards.

HABE GP p. 127

STRAMINEA (3)
GRAY 1834
(39)
= ANILIS

28.—*Terebra straminea*.

Terebra straminea, Gray, Proc., Zool. Soc., 1834, p. 62.
 " " Sowerby, Thes. Conch., vol. 1, p. 169, pl. 42, fig. 22, 23.
 " " Reeve, Conch., Icon., pl. 12, sp. 47a, 47b.

Hab. Princess Charlotte Bay, North-East Australia, 14 fathoms, rough sand bottom, one specimen found; Cape Grenville, North-East Australia, 20 fathoms, sandy mud bottom, one specimen found. This is the variety figured by Reeve, 47b. *Terebra acuta* and *circinata* (Deshayes) are quite distinct both in colour, sculpture, and markings. Reeve is wrong in making them and *straminea* one species.

BRAZIER 77 p. 154