

Shell up to 50mm in length, whorls straight or weakly convex, numbering from 17-20 apart from 2 mauve embryonic whorls, sutural band separated by a deep groove, sutural nodules distinct and broader than the interspaces, whorls with a few obsolete, fine spiral grooves, siphonal canal recurved. Orange-brown to reddish-brown in colour, sutural nodules white, interspaces of nodules orange-brown.

Moderately uncommon. Tropical Indo-Pacific; intertidal and subtidal. *T. monile* Quoy & Gaimard, 1833 (non Linnaeus, 1771) is a synonym.

3. *T. quoygaimardi* Cernohorsky & Bratcher. Indo-Pacific. To 2 inches. P. 146

15. *Terebra quoygaimardi* Cernohorsky & Bratcher, 1976

Syn: *T. monile* Quoy & Gaimard, 1833 (non Linné 1771)

39.9mm, 29.2mm; Palawan.

Shell small to medium sized, glossy, with a tall acute spire and a row of heavy sutural nodules; whorls sculptured with 2 or 3 deep spiral grooves and weak overriding axial scratches; colour orange-brown with white sutural nodules and brown staining between; rarely pure white; reaches 55mm.

DISTRIBUTION: Sulu Sea. 5811111111111111 1976

30. *Terebra quoygaimardi* Cernohorsky & Bratcher, 1976

(Pl. 9, figs. 30a-b)
(Color pl. E, fig. 6)

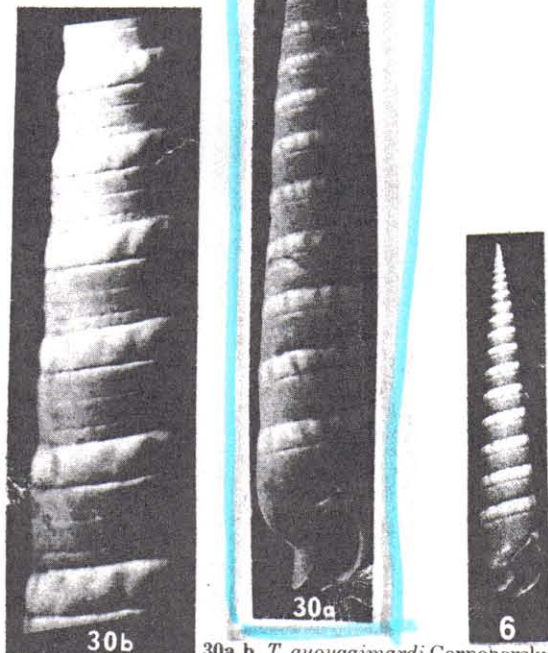
- 1833 *Terebra monile* Quoy & Gaimard, Voy. L'Astrolabe, Zool. 2: 467, pl. 36, figs. 21, 22; 1838 Küster Syst. Conch. Cab. ed. 2, 5(2):29, pl. 6, fig. 10 [non *Buccinum monile* Linnaeus, 1771 = *Terebra*]
- 1844 *Terebra monilis* Quoy & Gaimard, Hinds, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. pt. 11:163; 1844 Hinds in Sowerby, Thes. Conch. 1:168, pl. 43, figs. 65, 66; 1860 Reeve, Conch. Icon. 12: pl. 11, fig. 42a; 1967 Cernohorsky, Marine Shells Pacific 1: 204, pl. 51, fig. 377.
- 1964 *Terebra (Cinguloterebra) monilis* Quoy & Gaimard, Shikama, Select. Shells World Color 2: p. 69, fig. 19.
- 1966 *Cinguloterebra monilis* (Quoy & Gaimard), Habe & Kosuge, Shells World Col. 2:99, pl. 39, fig. 14.
- 1967 *Dimidacus monilis* (Quoy & Gaimard), Habe & Kosuge, Stand. Book Jap. Shells Color 3:102, pl. 40, fig. 17.
- 1976 *Terebra quoygaimardi* Cernohorsky & Bratcher, Rec. Auckland Inst. Mus. 13:135, figs. 14, 15. 1978 Cernohorsky, Trop. Pacific Mar. Shells p. 146, pl. 52, fig. 3; (replacement name for *T. monile* Quoy & Gaimard, 1833 [non Linnaeus, 1771]; 1984 Aubry, Terebridae pl. 5.

Description: Shell to 50 mm; color shiny yellow to yellowish brown or orange-brown with white subsutural nodes; outline of whorls straight; protoconch of 2 whorls, the first short, the second elongate; subsutural band noded, defined by well marked suture and narrow, moderately deep, subsutural groove, with occasionally a row of obsolete nodes anterior to band; sculpture on remainder of whorl variable, smooth in some individuals or with 1 to 3 spiral grooves; axial striae present in some specimens; aperture quadrate; columella extremely recurved, with heavy parietal callus on mature specimens.

Type locality: "Marianas and Caroline Is."

Distribution: Andaman Is. to Japan, N. Australia, and Micronesia; intertidal to 30 m.

Type: Type of *Terebra monile* [= *T. quoygaimardi*] MNHN Paris; 43.8 x 6.9 mm.



30a,b, *T. quoygaimardi* Cernohorsky & Bratcher. 30a, Type-specimen Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris; 43.8 mm. 30b, Middle whorls.

6: *Terebra quoygaimardi* Cernohorsky & Bratcher; Philippines; 48.2 mm. (sp. 30).

Discussion: Dodge (1956), who treated Linnaeus' *Buccinum* species in detail, and several authors before him, concluded that *B. monile* Linnaeus, 1771, is a *Terebra* of unknown identity. A specimen in the Linnean collection of the Linnean Society, London, contains a *Terebra* species 36.7 x 7.2 mm, which appears to be a very faded *T. undulata* Gray, 1834. This particular specimen is undocumented and was segregated by Hanley from an unmarked box. Since the origin of this probable type specimen is unknown, it is better to consider *T. monile* (Linnaeus) a *nomen dubium*. *T. monile* Quoy & Gaimard is a secondary homonym. This species was named for Quoy & Gaimard, who first recognized it as a separate species. B-30-655

QUOYGAIMARDI (9)
CERNOHORSKY & BRATCHEE
1976
30 (V)

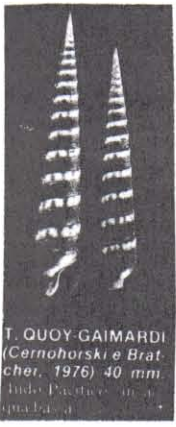
7. *Terebra quoygaimardi* CERNOHORSKY & BRACHER.
An attractive and uncommon shell.

HA. 7. 58

20. MONILE
2007300000 1872



(x1)



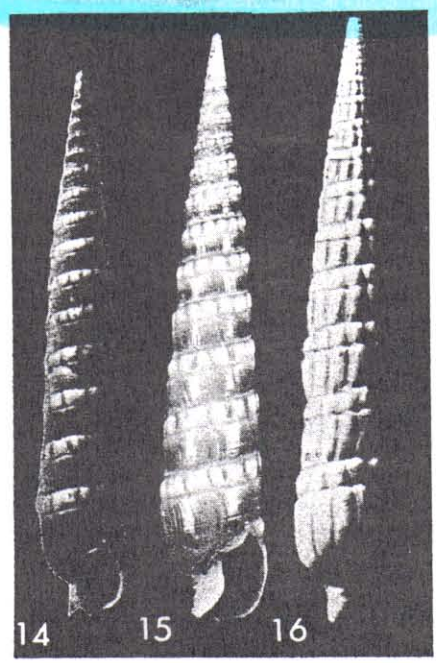
T. QUOY-GAIMARDI
(Cernohorsky & Brat-
cher, 1976) 40 mm.
Indo-Pacific, on a
muralia.

ANBY PL 5

Terebra quoygaimardi

Cernohorsky & Bratcher, 1976 is a new name replacing *T. monile* Linne, 1771, a *nomen dubium*. These items appeared in the **Records** of the Auckland Institute and Museum 13:131-140, December 10, 1976.

HSN. AUG 77



Figs. 14-16. 14,15 *Terebra quoygaimardi* nom.n. 14. Holotype of *T.monile* Quoy & Gaimard, Mus. Nat. d'Hist. Nat., Paris; length 43.8 mm. 15. Specimen from Pearl reef, Great Barrier reef, Qld., Australia; length 37.8 mm. 16. *T.monile* (Linnaeus), probable holotype, Linn. Soc. Lond.; length 36.7 mm.

Terebra quoygaimardi nom. n.

(Figs. 14-15)

- 1833. *Terebra monile* Quoy & Gaimard, Voy. L'Astrolabe, Zool. 2 : 467, pl. 36, figs. 21, 22; 1838 Kuester, Syst. Conch. Cab. ed. 2, 5 (2) : 29, pl. 6, fig. 10 (non *Buccinum monile* Linnaeus, 1771 = *Terebra*).
- 1844. *Terebra monilis* Quoy & Gaimard. Hinds, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. Pt. 11 : 163; 1844 Hinds in Sowerby, Thes. Conchyl 1 : 168, pl. 43, figs. 65, 66; 1844 Deshayes & Edwards, His. nat. anim. s. vert. ed. 2, 10 : 258; 1859 Deshayes, Proc. Zool. Soc. Lond. Pt. 27 : 312; 1860 Reeve, Conch. Icon. 12 : pl. 11, fig. 42a; 1885 Tryon, Man. Conch. 7 : 28, pl. 8, figs. 47, 48 (in synonymy of *T.straminea* Gray); 1967 Cernohorsky, Marine shells Pacific 1 : 204, pl. 51, fig. 377.
- 1964. *Terebra* (*Cinguloterebra*) *monilis* Quoy & Gaimard, Shikama, Select. Shells world col. 2 : pl. 69, fig. 19.
- 1966. *Cinguloterebra monilis* (Quoy & Gaimard), Habe & Kosuge, Shells world col. 2 : 99, pl. 39, fig. 14.
- 1967. *Dimidacus monilis* (Quoy & Gaimard), Habe & Kosuge, Stand. book. Jap. shells col. 3 : 102, pl. 40, fig. 17.

TYPE LOCALITY. Marianas and Caroline Is.

Type specimens. The holotype of *T.monile* Quoy & Gaimard (= *T.quoygaimardi* nom.n.), is in the Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris, length 43.8 mm, width 6.9 mm (Fig. 14); one paratype measures 41.2 x 6.7 mm.

DISTRIBUTION. Andaman Is to Mauritius, Nth. Australia, Micronesia and Japan.

Dodge (1956), who treated Linnaeus' *Buccinum* species in detail, and several authors before him, concluded that *Buccinum monile* Linnaeus, 1771, is a *Terebra* of unknown identity. A specimen in the Linnaean collection of the Linnaean Society, London, contains a *Terebra* species 36.7 mm in length and 7.2 mm in width, which appears to be a very faded *T.undulata* Gray, 1934 (Fig. 16). This particular specimen is undocumented and has been segregated by Hanley from an unmarked box. Since the origin of this probable type-specimen is unknown, it is better to consider *T.monile* (Linnaeus) as a *nomen dubium*, and retain *T.undulata* Gray in malacological literature. Since *Terebra monile* Quoy & Gaimard, 1833, is a secondary homonym of *Buccinum monile* Linnaeus, 1771, it is here replaced with *T.quoygaimardi*.

C & B 1976 p.135.