

The strong lattice-like sculpture simplifies identification of this light colored species; to approx. 25 mm. (BMNH type coll.)

Terebra miranda E.A. Smith
MALACCA SK

138. *miranda*, *Myurella* – E. A. SMITH, 1873, A. M. N. H., 11: 267. Hab. Malacca. Coll. Cuming. Holotype: 24.7 mm; syntype: 20.8 mm. The locality is suspect, since the types appear to be faded specimens of the West American *radula-aspera* group of species. C69

MIRANDA

E.A-SMITH 1873

(V)

(63)

63. *Terebra miranda* (E. A. Smith, 1873)

(Pl. 18, figs. 63a-b)
(Color pl. D, fig. 13)

1873 *Myurella miranda* E. A. Smith, Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. ser. 4 11:267.

Description: Shell to 35 mm; color brownish tan; outline of first few whorls angulate, remainder convex; subsutural band narrow and noded on early whorls, flat, without nodes, inconspicuous later; sculpture completely cancellate throughout with numerous, unevenly spaced axial cords crossed by about 6 spiral cords forming little bead-like nodes at intersections; sutures deep; body whorl elongate; aperture elongate; columella straight; siphonal fasciole with sharp posterior keel and sometimes a rounded keel toward center.

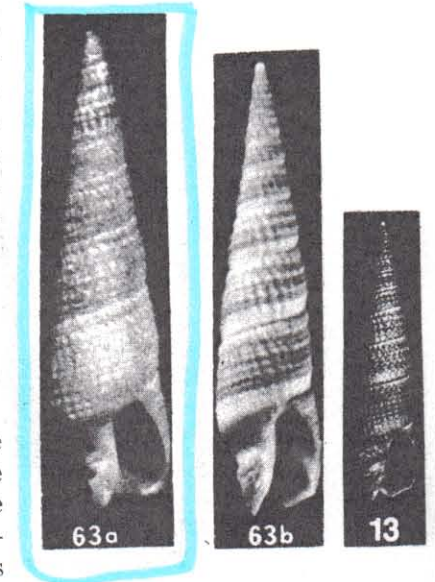
Type locality: "Malacca, Indonesia."

Distribution: Indonesia to Thailand; 6 to 10 m.

Type: Lectotype BM(NH) no. 1979136; 24.7 × 5.8 mm.

Discussion: Both specimens in the type lot are white but have a faded look and probably were tan when fresh like other specimens in the UZMC. They were collected in the Gulf of Thailand. There is no other species with which this could be mistaken.

B.63-128



63a,b, *T. miranda* (E. A. Smith). 63a,

Paralectotype British Museum (N.H.) No. 1979136; 24.7 mm.

63b, Specimen from unknown locality; 23.4 mm.

13: *Terebra miranda* E. A. Smith; Thailand; 23.6 mm.

Miranda (*Myurella*), E. A. Smith. Ann. Mag. N. H., 1873, p. 267, TRAYON 1875 . 39

Myurella miranda. p. 267

M. testa elongata, subacuminata, albida, cretacea; anfr. 11 convexi, costellis gracillimis numerosissimis (in anfr. ultimo 36-40) obliquis, longitudinalibus, et spiralibus (in anfr. primis 5, 2, in sequentibus 5, 5-6, in ultimo 9-10) in locis intersectionum nodulosi, concinne cancellati; cingulum suturale ex nodulis elongatis obliquis constans, punctorum serie notatum; anfr. ultimus elongatus, subventricosus; columella subrecta, cauda bicipitata.
Long. 26 mill., diam. 6; apertura long. 6 mill., diam. 3.

Hab. Malacca.

There is no species in the family with which this one can be compared as regards affinity. The beautiful cancellated surface, formed by numerous longitudinal and a few spiral lirations, which form little bead-like nodules at the points of intersection, the convexity of the whorls, the infrasutural belt formed of oblong nodules, and the peculiarity of the few upper whorls, which, being encircled by but one or two spiral ribs, have an angular outline, are characters which at once define this from all other species. SMITH 1873 p. 267