

Delete species *Dimidacus melamans* Iredale, 1929. I have carefully compared the holotype of this species with a number of typical specimens of *albomarginatus* Deshayes from southern Queensland and the two species are identical. The species *melamans* should be deleted from the List.

MELAMANS (23)
 IREDALE 1929
 ECINGULIFERA

Fig. 2.—*Perirhoe melamans* Iredale.

IREDALE 1931

PERIRHOE MELAMANS sp. nov.

Plate xxxviii., fig. 7.

p341

A magnificent Terebrid of tropical aspect caught the eye, and in the Australian Museum was found a similar shell labelled "Port Stephens," but the record had not been accepted as the species appeared alien. Bartsch unfortunately published A Key to the Family Terebridae (Nautilus, vol. xxvii., pp. 60-64, 1923) which must be referred to, but it is an unenviable task. He there introduced *Terebrina*, new subgenus, with type *Terebra cingulifera* Lamarck, for species having the spiral lines punctate, *Perirhoe* having the spiral lines not punctate. *Terebrina* had been introduced into conchological literature more than one hundred years before by Rafinesque (Anal. Nat., p. 145, 1815; Cf. Iredale, Proc. Mal. Soc., vol. ix., p. 262, 1911), so I propose a new subgeneric name for the present species, *Dimidacus*.

Shell narrowly elongate, creamy fawn.

Nuclear whorls missing. Adult whorls remaining twenty in number.

Whorls flattened, encircled by four linear grooves, which are punctate; the first groove cuts off a broad subsutural collar, the second marks off a less space, the succeeding two still less, being closer together. A longitudinal striation cuts earlier whorls a semi-nodulose design, the collar showing it most, but even this soon loses strength, and the later whorls only show very obscure indications, while even the punctation in the grooves becomes less distinct. The last whorl shows a broad rounded peripheral band, succeeded by nine or ten closely set punctate grooves.

Outer lip thin, sharp, basally rounded, forming with the anterior twist of the columella a short slightly recurved open canal. Columella with a scarcely noticeable anterior fold, the inner lip showing as a slight glaze continued on the body whorl to the posterior edge of the outer lip.

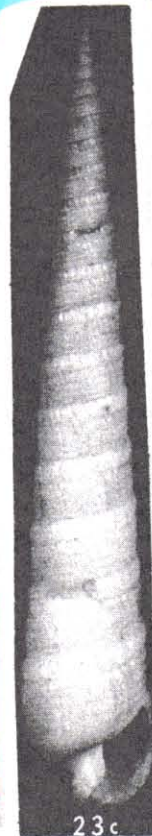
Length: 75 mm.; breadth, 14 mm.

Habitat: New South Wales (type, Sydney Harbour), Port Stephens.

IREDALE 1929 p341



7. *Perirhoe melamans* Iredale.



23c, Holotype of *Perirhoe melamans* Iredale, Australian Museum, Sydney No. C-57863; 73.5 mm.

IREDALE 1931



2