

Terebra malonei n. sp. Figure 5.

Shell subulate, reddish brown, with white sutural and peripheral bands, maculated with brown between the tubercles, whorls 14, apex acute, the first two whorls smooth and horn colored, the next four irregularly vertically costate, the remainder with a much swollen sutural band, which is provided with white tubercles, 16 upon the penultimate whorl, with brown spaces between. The lower part of the whorls is reddish brown, concave, and sculptured with about five spiral, spaced, impressed lines, and a row of finer white granules near the lower suture continuing at the periphery of the body whorl. Six additional impressed, spiral lines are upon the base. The internal column moderately biplicate, the lower spiral being the strongest.

Aperture elongate, outer lip acute, contracted near the lower edge of the sutural band, basal lip with a deep siphonal notch, with a sharp keel at the upper edge of the siphonal fasciole, columella very weakly biplicate.

Alt. 26, diam. 6, apert. alt. 6, diam. 3 mm.

The type is in the Academy's collection, being No. 8873, found in ballast from Santa Rosalia, opposite San Marcos Island, Lower California, by J. G. Malone, of Portland, Oregon, to whom it is dedicated.

This species differs from *Terebra submodosa* Cpr. by having indented spiral lines. It differs from young specimens of *T. variegata* Gray, by having the peripheral row of white tubercles, and a more slender form. It differs from *T. balenorum* Dall, by having stronger and sharper nodules at the suture, and a row of granules at the periphery.



Fig. 5—*Terebra malonei*.

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157d

157d, Holotype of *T. malonei* Vanatta, Academy Natural Sciences Philadelphia No. 8873; 15.6 mm. GRAT 87