

3rd 10. *Terebra filmerae* Sby.

JURTON 1932 p. 296

Terebra filmerae Sowerby.*Terebra filmerae* Sowerby, 'Proc. Malac. Soc.', vol. vii, p. 37 fig.

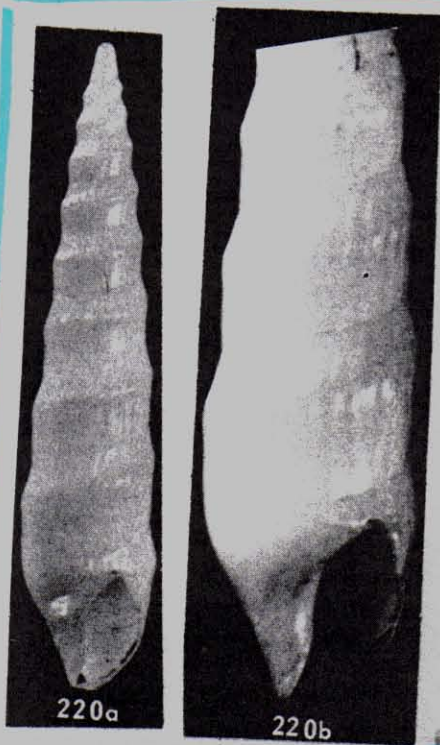
Hab.—Pondoland.

SMITH 1916 p. 133

FILMERÆ

SOWERBY 1906

V 220



220 a, b, *H. filmerae* (Sowerby). 220a, Holotype Natal Museum No. B-1806; 22.3 mm. 220b, Lower whorls of holotype.

BRAT 87

220. *Hastula filmerae* (Sowerby, 1906)

(Pl. 56, figs. 220a, b)

1906 *Terebra filmerae* Sowerby, Proc. Mal. Soc. Lond. 7(1):37, text fig.

Description: Shell to 22 mm; color cream with lighter subsutural band; outline of whorls slanting inward in both directions from shoulder; protoconch of 2 whorls; subsutural band slanting outward from suture, band ribbed; subsutural groove absent, but obsolete nodes at rib endings mark band; remainder of whorl almost smooth; spiral sculpture absent; columella straight. The aperture on the holotype is broken.

Type locality: "Pondoland, South Africa."

Distribution: Known only from the type locality.

Type: Holotype Natal Museum no. B-1806; 22.3 × 5.3 mm.

Discussion: The strange inward-slanting subsutural band makes this species easily distinguishable. It has not been reported subsequent to the original description and may be a pathological individual. It was named after a Mrs. Filmer, a shell collector during the 1890s in Pondoland, South Africa.

B-220-p 18c

TEREBRA FILMERÆ, n.sp. p. 37

Testa elongata, pallidissime fulva; spira vix convexiuscula; anfractus $11\frac{1}{2}$, apicales læves, tertius planatus, longitudinaliter leviter plicatus, deinde cæteri supra medium obtuse angulati, plicis confertis lævigatis, ad angulum leviter nodulosi instructi; anfractus ultimus $\frac{1}{2}$ longitudinis testæ vix æquans, plicis evanidis; apertura parviuscula; columella arcuata, ad basin leviter contorta. Long. 22, maj. diam. $4\frac{1}{2}$ mm.

Hab.—Pondoland.

This species is chiefly distinguished by the angle or obtuse keel above the middle of the whorls, and the numerous plicæ or riblets,



which are rather oblique above the angle and nearly straight below, while upon the angle they form small rounded nodules. I have only seen one specimen, which was collected by Mrs. Filmer, after whom I have pleasure in naming it.

Sow 1906 p. 37