

102. *Terebra exiguoides*, Schepman,
1913

(Pl. 27, figs. 102a-b)

1913 *Terebra (Strioterebrum) exiguoides* Schepman, Siboga
Exped. 49(5):369, pl. 25, figs. 5, a, b.

Description: Shell to 18 mm; color shiny brownish beige to dark blackish brown; outline whorls slightly convex; protoconch of 2 large mamillate whorls, beige or dark brown; subsutural band with nodes, marked by deep punctations between the ribs; axial ribs quite sharp and wide spaced, 17 to 20 on penultimate whorl, ribs contiguous with nodes on band; spiral grooves, 3 or 4, deep, evenly spaced, not crossing the ribs; aperture elongate; columella slightly recurved.

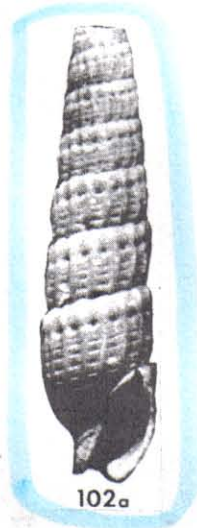
Type locality: "Bay of Bima, near South Fort, Indonesia, 55 m."

Distribution: From Indonesia to Western Australia.

Type: Holotype ZMUA; 11.5 × 2.7 mm (incomplete).

Discussion: This is an extremely shiny species which exhibits very little variation except for color.

B-102-103



102a



102b

102a, b, *T. exiguoides* Schepman.

102a, Holotype Zoological Museum University Amsterdam; 11.5+ mm. 102b, Port Hedland, West Australia; 16.0 mm.

12. *Terebra (Strioterebrum) exiguoides* n. sp. Pl. XXV, fig. 5. b 369

Stat. 47. Bay of Bima, near South fort. 55 M. Mud with patches of fine coralsand. 1 Spec.

Shell small, subcylindrically subulate, dark yellowish-brown, with upper part of ribs whitish. Upper whorls wanting, remaining whorls 7, but may have been nearly the double, if one considers the subulate shape; whorls nearly straight, only slightly convex, separated by a deep suture, with slightly curved ribs, 18 on last whorl, divided at the upper part by a groove, consisting of a row of conspicuous punctures between the ribs, but scarcely affecting the ribs themselves and with 4 impressed spiral striae on each whorl, conspicuous between the ribs and at their sides, but very weak on their crests; about 12 spiral striae on last whorl, of which 8 crossed by the ribs, the interstices of the basal ones having more the character of granular lirae, are not ribbed. Aperture elongate, angular above, with a sinus formed by the body whorl and infrasutural belt; right margin obtuse, columellar side with a strong layer of enamel, its interior margin with two folds, canal short, divided by an oblique rib, closely striated above and below it. Interior of aperture smooth, brown. Basal sinus narrow.

Alt. $11\frac{1}{2}$, (may have been 19 or 20), lat. $2\frac{3}{4}$; apert. alt. 3, lat. $1\frac{1}{4}$ Mill.

This species is nearly allied to *T. exigua* Desh., but is much more cylindrical in shape, moreover the subsutural belt is spirally striated in that species, quite smooth in the new one, these differences connected with other ones of less importance, induced me to consider it as new. Though the upper whorls are wanting, the shell is quite fresh.

SCHPM 1913 p 369

