

240. *Duplicaria jukesi* (Deshayes, 1857)

(Pl. 62, figs. 240a,b)

1857 *Terebra jukesi* Deshayes, Journ. Conchyl. 6:95, pl. 4, fig. 9; 1860 Reeve, Conc. Icon. 12, pl. 20, sp. 97.

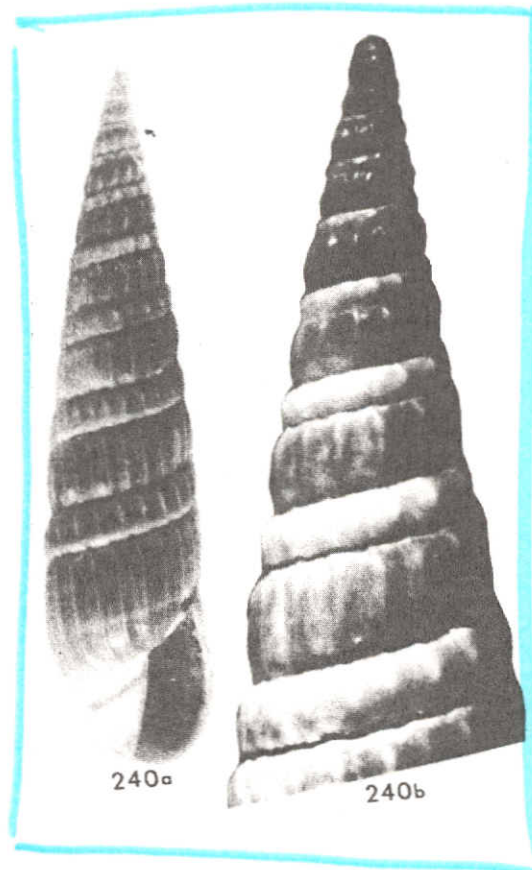
Description: Shell to 34 mm; color cream to light gray with light ribs and a narrow light band at periphery of body whorl; outline of whorls extremely convex in early whorls becoming slightly convex later; protoconch of $1\frac{1}{2}$ whorls; subsutural band convex, narrow on early whorls, decorated with small round nodes, becoming somewhat broader, with nodes lengthening into ribs, band defined by deep groove; axial ribs sharp, evenly spaced, narrower than interspaces; spiral sculpture absent; aperture quadrate; columella curved.

Type locality: "Port Essington, Northern Territory, Australia."

Distribution: Australia.

Type: Lectotype BM(NH) no. 197964; 32.8 × 8.0 mm.

Discussion: *D. concolor* (238) and *D. crakei* (241) may be separated from this species by having flat early whorls with straight, not arcuate ribs and flatter subsutural bands. *D. crakei* may be separated from *D. concolor* by its narrower subsutural band, sharper ribs, and pattern of two colors. *D. bernardi* Deshayes, also has inflated early whorls but lacks the deep subsutural groove and convex subsutural band. Deshayes named this species after the English shell collector, J. B. Jukes (1811–1869). 5-240-139



240a, b. *D. jukesi* (Deshayes). 240a. Paratype British Museum (N.H.) No. 197964; 34.2 mm. 240b. Upper whorls of lectotype.

31. TEREBRA JUKESI Desh. (Pl. VI, fig. 9.)

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T. testa elongato-subulata, turrita, omnino griseo-plumbea, ultimo anfractu fasciola alba in medio cincto; anfractibus latiusculis, sulco profundo bipartitis, longitudinaliter tenue et regulariter plicatis; margine suturali angusto, convexo, plicis apice albis notato; apertura minima, angusta, obliqua, intus castanea, basi late emarginata; columella cylindraco-conica, extus angulo acuto circumdata.

Habite Port-Essington.

Celle-ci est d'un gris plombé uniforme, un peu lavé de blanchâtre; elle est allongée, conique, assez large à la base. Ses tours, au nombre de treize, sont très-peu convexes; un sillon profond en détache un bourrelet étroit, formant le quart de la largeur totale; ce bourrelet est granuleux dans le jeune âge, il est chargé de plis longitudinaux parfaitement réguliers et dont le sommet est blanchâtre. Le reste de la surface est également couvert de plis d'une grande régularité et dans l'intervalle desquels on n'aperçoit aucune trace de stries transverses. L'ouverture est petite, oblongue, d'un brun foncé à l'intérieur; elle est terminée par une échancrure large et profonde. La columelle est d'un blanc grisâtre; sa base est circonscrite par un angle aigu de la même couleur. Une ligne très-étroite, blanchâtre, divise le dernier tour à la circonférence.



Cette coquille a 33 mill. de long et 8 de diamètre.

Collection de M. Cuming.

Des H 1857 p 96

91. TEREBRA JUKESI, Desh.

T. testa elongato-subulata, turrita, omnino griseo-plumbea, ultimo anfractu fasciola alba in medio cincto; anfractibus latiusculis, sulco profundo bipartitis, longitudinaliter tenue et regulariter plicatis; margine suturali angusto, convexo, plicis apice albis notato; apertura minima, angusta, obliqua, intus castanea, basi late emarginata; columella cylindraco-conica, extus angulo acuto circumdata.

Long. 33 mill., larg. 8.

Hab. Le Port Essington.

Collection Cuming.

Des H 1857 p 293

24.—ACUS JUKESI.

Terebra Jukesi, Deshayes, French Journal de Conch., vol. 6, 1857, p. 95, pl. 5, f. 9.

Hab. Evans Bay, Cape York, North Australia, 6 fathoms, sand.

Barzzen 77 p 253

Species 97. (Mus. Cuming.)

TEREBRA JUKESII. *Ter. testâ subobeso-subulatâ, lividocinerea vel plumbeâ, immaculatâ, anfractu ultimo pallidè albifasciato, anfractibus latiusculis, convexis, longitudinaliter tenuiplicatis, supernè sulco divisâ; aperturâ parvâ, subangustâ, columellâ rectâ, carinatâ.*

JUKES'S TEREBRA. Shell rather stoutly subulate, livid-ash, or lead colour, unspotted, last whorl encircled with a faint whitish band, whorls rather broad, convex, longitudinally thinly plicated, divided at the upper part by a groove; aperture small, rather narrow, columella straight, keeled.

DESHAYES, Journ. de Conch. 1857.

Hab. Port Essington, Australia; Jukes.



Chiefly distinguished by a delicately plaited veined sculpture on a livid ground.

RV 1260



54. *T. jukesi*

109. *jukesii*, *Terebra* - DESHAYES, 1857, J. C. P., 6: 95, pl. 6, fig. 9. Hab. Port Essington. Coll. Cuming. Size: 33 x 8 mm. Holotype: 32.8 mm; syntype: 34.2 mm (erroneously marked x inside aperture). C69

54. *Terebra Jukesii*, Desh. (= *spectabilis*). Reeve, Icon f. 97,

Jukesii (*Terebra*), Desh. Jour. Conch., 1857, p. 95, pl. vi, f. 9. = *T. spectabilis*, Hinds,

91. *T. jukesi* Desh. J. Conchyl., vi, 95, pl. v, f. 9. Port Essington. Type B.M.

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TRAYON 1885