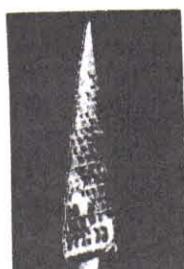


Ecuadorian Auger (4") 10 cm  
*Terebra argosyia* Olsson, 1971.  
Off Ecuador in moderately deep water. Holotype illustrated.

COMPLNDIUM P277



TEREBRA ARGOSYIA  
(Olsson, 1971) 64  
mm. - Ecuador: In ag-  
qua relativamente  
bassa

AUBRY PL7

1521a. *Terebra argosyia* Olsson, 1971. Length, 77.4 mm; diameter, 15 mm.  
Isla La Plata, Ecuador.

11K p672

~~1521a. Terebra argosyia Olsson, 1971.~~

140. *Terebra argosyia* Olsson, 1971  
(Pl. 35, fig. 140)

1971 *Terebra argosyia* Olsson, Stud. Trop. American Moll. p. 41, figs. 28-30; 1982 Abbott & Dance, Compendium of Seashells p. 277, holotype fig'd; 1984 Aubry, Terebridae pl. 7.

**Description:** Size to 71 mm; color cream with 3 rows of brown spots per whorl, 4 on body whorl; outline of whorls almost straight; protoconch unknown; subsutural band faintly noded, defined by deep groove on early and middle whorls, becoming progressively weaker; followed by a second, weaker band; axial ribs strong on early whorls, becoming progressively obsolete; mature whorls divided into 3 slightly convex bands separated by spiral grooves; body whorl with 3 rows of brown dots and a somewhat broad brown band anterior to the periphery; aperture quadrate; columella recurved, with 2 plications; siphonal fasciole with heavy striations.

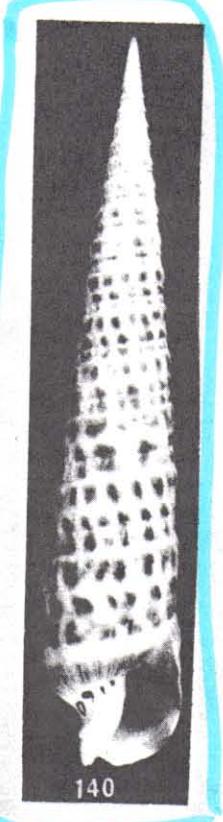
**Type locality:** "St. 72, Isla La Plata, Ecuador, 37 m."

**Distribution:** Ecuador; to 37 m.

**Type:** Holotype USNM no. 701160; 71.0 × 14.5 mm.

**Discussion:** This rare species has a flatter outline and a groove below the subsutural groove which divides the remainder of the whorl in half, distinguishing it from the other large Panamic terebrids.

B - 140 - p127



140, *T. argosyia* Olsson. Holotype National Museum of Natural History, Washington No. USNM-701160; 71.0 mm.

Terebra argosyia, Olsson, 1971

(Fig 42) 42

→ Descrizione originale:

1971, Studies in Tropical American Mollusks;

The shell is fairly large, stout, nearly straight sided, tapering uniformly to a minute, needle-sharp apex. Whorls are numerous, about 20 on the type, with a tripartite sculpture most marked on the spire but persistent over the whole surface. The sculpture consists of a rather large, axially noded, convex cord bordering the suture and, below, a more or less depressed zone divided by a groove into two subsidiary bands. The columella has two sharp plaits. Color pattern on the spire whorls between the sutures consists of two bands of brown spots or flammules on a white or yellow base. On the body whorl, a fourth much larger and more heavily colored band encircles the base.

Measurements - Length 71.4 mm, diameter 15.0 mm; holotype.

→ Locus typicus:

Isla de Plata, Ecuador

→ Holotipo: USNM N° 201160

Lunghezza: fino 74 mm.

È specie rara. Un solo esemplare, fra quelli da noi studiati si avvicina <sup>rispetto ai campioni</sup> nelle dimensioni dell'holotipo e proviene dall'Ecuador ma la località preciso del suo ritrovamento è sconosciuta -  
Alcuni dealers ci hanno procurato esemplari di dimensioni molto inferiori <sup>(Fig 43)</sup> intorno ai 40 mm di lunghezza, provenienti da Cebaco Island, West-Panama, draftati a 120 ft in subbie, che, a nostro avviso, per molti caratteri conchiglieri possono essere accostati a *T. linguolus* <sup>Hinds, 1844</sup> ~~argosyia~~  
Un altro esemplare da noi erominato, proveniente da San Carlos Bay, Sonora, Mexico e seppure dimensione è da classificarsi certamente come *T. argosyia*. Possede, infatti, quei caratteri conchiglieri che distinguono quest'ultima dalle altre Terebra Panamensis che formano razionalmente -  
Il suo areale di distribuzione si allarga notevolmente verso Nord -