

Hotel. It is approximately one and a half miles east of Punta Colorada.

Literature Cited

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Club So. Calif. No. 194: 19, 19A. (Dec.
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- Burch, Rose
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Range Extension for *Terebra ornata* GRAY, 1834

by

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On September 6, 1959, Dr. Donald Shasky, Dr. Albert Martin, and I left Puerto Peñasco, Sonora, Mexico, by boat for Saint George Island. The main objective was to dredge the area immediately surrounding the island. Soon after leaving Puerto Peñasco we encountered large ground swells, and due to the small size of the boat we considered it wiser to return. Before turning around we lowered the dredge to sample the bottom. The location was approximately four miles southeast of Puerto Peñasco in 60 to 80 feet of water. The single haul contained one live 88 mm. X 19 mm. specimen of *Terebra ornata* Gray, 1834, several living *Oliva polypasta* Duclos, 1833, and one *Strombina dorsata* (Sowerby, 1832), among a number of other shells.

This is the first report of *Terebra ornata* Gray, 1834, from a collecting station as far north as Puerto Peñasco. The type locality for this shell as listed in Myra Keen's "Sea Shells of Tropical West America," is Panama (seemingly confined to that area). In Reeve's *Conchologia Iconica* the habitat is given as the Galapagos Islands. Dr. Shasky and I have obtained *T. ornata* Gray, 1834, from the shrimp trawlers in

Guaymas, and several specimens were taken off Espiritu Santo Island, Gulf of California, in 80 fathoms on the Ariel Expedition in August of 1960.

Terebra ornata Gray, 1834, can be expected throughout the Gulf of California and southward to Panama and the Galapagos Islands.

Haliotids and Stomatellids from Swain's Reef, Queensland

by

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Recently, several lots of Archaeogastropoda were received for identification and comparison. As the collecting station was "new" to the writer, and as several of the lots presented some interesting distributional data, it was thought that a few brief notes might be of general interest. All of the specimens were taken on Swain's Reef, about 200 miles off the Queensland Coast of Australia (Lat. 21°00'30" S.; Long. 152°E. approx.).

Family: STOMATIIDAE

Stomatella varia (A. Adams)

The lot consisted of a single specimen that, except for size (10 mm.), fits into other sets of the species from various localities in the far western Pacific. The specimen was larger than Easter Island material and smaller than Melanesian and Micronesian lots. However, as only a single specimen was available, such comparisons have little or no value. A larger series is needed to establish if a definite cline exists.

Stomatolina sanguinea (A. Adams)

Again, only a single specimen was available. In size, shape, and sculpturing, the specimen matched the typical species. However, in coloration this specimen fits into the Tuamotu Archipelago series. That is, the coloration is pink to rose, rather than the usual scarlet or white with dark maculations. As no mention was noted in Cotton's paper on the Archaeogastropoda, this may be a new record for this species in Australian waters.